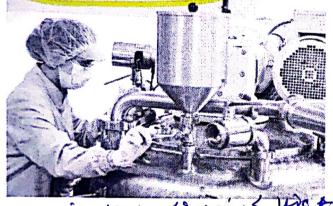
Validation

Dr. Isra Dmour

Credit: Prof. Nizar Alzoubi





م مهرا کیف اتا کرمن ذطافهٔ جهر الله می اتا کرمن ذطافهٔ جهر الله و الله Consamination

Qualification vs. validation

5 62 3 CAB. WIE المينا شطرم نطلح

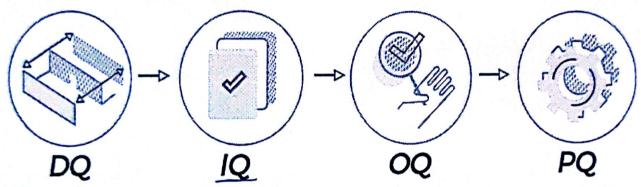
• A system must be <u>qualifie</u>d to operate in a validated process

➤ Qualify a system and/or equipment: e.g. you

المنافعة ال

التأكدين الاداء

Qualification vs. validation



Design Qualification

Proof that your cleanroom is capable of compliance with

معیت او جهازمعین او اجری معین نتا کد انه اله معی همل مثلا کل ای مثاسب Installation Qualification

Evaluate and confirm that the installed cleanroom is consistent with what was specified

العنع الجوة العنم العربية الع تع كالكافيها لا كا يحليه تمسيق التشفيل تناعمد

Operational Qualification

Verify that the cleanroom

equipment is achieving the steril room ممكناهديره 11 Chie via Sterlien's سبلت نعفل TKC183

Performance Qualification

Challenge that the cleanroom equipment is performing together in an operational state

على رُمنا معين مثلا عمرات بالسّه ان كانه الحيار استنامه مستر assi Strong

الاداء عبن کرال لکل الحداد ک

Qualification

Qualification

حظی تأکیمبدراسلام قبل التسعیل السراء اسلام المساور المالية السراء المساور المالية السراء

The documented verification that the facilities, systems and equipment, as installed or modified, comply with the approved design and the manufacturer's recommendations.

IQ should include:

(a) installation of equipment, piping, services and instrumentation checked to current engineering drawings and specifications;

(b) collection and collation of supplier operating and working instructions and maintenance requirements;

کے تناکد من الحواد اللی تصنع مسی ا هذا الحمار:

(d) verification of materials of construction. بالمحلوة من الشركة بالمحلوة من الشركة بالمحلوة من الشركة بالمحلوة من الحرابية من الحرابية من المحلوة ا

Qualification

بدأية النشعِل اطا النشغيل ممكن تم نعديله

Operational Qualification (OQ):

The documented verification that the facilities, systems and equipment, as installed or modified, perform as intended throughout the anticipated operating ranges.

☐ This step proceeds after the IQ has been performed.

OQ should include:

- (a) tests that have been developed from knowledge of processes, systems and equipment;
- (b) tests to include a condition or a set of conditions encompassing upper and lower operating limits, sometimes referred to as "worst case" conditions.

LASTI WILL test UE CU 010 clave Golin 1120

ما تبعل الا الآ في مدالمه الحري الا المسموس واعية النا الذي المحال المح

list two (cop, sop) suplayer signal will لبُقلهم للجلهم المسوب (مثلاحها ر ص من لام الجوا الر ١٩٥٥ من لام الجوا الر ١٩٥٥ ل Qualification

Performance Qualification (PQ): The documented بعد صرور عَرَعَ من الرئين verification that the facilities, equipment, as connected together, can perform effectively and reproducibly, based on the approved process method and product creatification systems and process method and product specification.

رسعن عنه بعلفا بولي

This step proceeds after the OQ has been performed.

Oberate 11 - Sub layen 11 avaisao

ع بنظله حست کم مرع PQ should include: نسبخوم الحماز اذا كيثر الـ PQ بهون متكر

- مثلا الفرنه اعلى واقل (a) tests, using production materials, qualified substitutes or simulated product, that have been and from knowledge of the واقلراع developed from knowledge of the process and the facilities, systems or equipment;
- (b) tests to include a condition or set of conditions encompassing upper and lower operating limits.

Validation master plan (VMP)



The VMP should contain data on at least the following:

- (a) validation policy;
- (b) organisational structure of validation activities;
- را المحلوب نقل الله المحلفة (c) summary of facilities, systems, equipment and processes to be validated;

 المحلوب نقل الله المحلفة (d) documentation format: the format to be used for protocols and reports;

 المحلوب نقل المحلوب الحراب المحلوب الم
 - (d) documentation format: the format to be used for

- (f) change control;

(g) reference to existing documents.
مرجه اي تعاصلمعبه الهاعلاقة بجيبه

Validation master plan (VMP)

• A formal system by which qualified representatives of appropriate disciplines review proposed or actual changes that might affect the validated status of facilities, systems, equipment or processes.

العالم المواقع عند المواقع المواقع

 The intent is to determine the need for action that would ensure and document that the system is maintained in a validated state.

نظام داخل منشأة بقى به اشكام مؤهلي منى منها منها منها و يعرب التخفيط و يعربوا اي مهر التحفيط و الله دولا

المسك

Process Validation

Validation and why it is required

بيا الحينونا) • Validation is a component of cGMP.

• FDA has defined process validation as:

الله والله والله

· A new product or an old product manufactured using a modified process or facility can not be sold in USA until the process has been adequately validated.

مساحم حبريد اد قبيع ومارعيمة ديل لاسبكن بيقه بال ۱۲۸ (الانقله مالماناله)

Process validation

The scope of validation

كالى داخل للمصنيع لازم يتحقا منه الااحد

• The manufacturing process must be robust and produce a product with consistent properties. المستقل الو شوهاميار بطيح حلي المستقل الو شوهاميار بطيح حلي المستقب المستقبل الم

This is usually confirmed by manufacturing three full scale production batches under specified conditions.

> In order to minimize cross-contamination between batches, the processes used to clean all equipment in which the product comes into contact must also be validated.

Types of validation

• Prospective validation: Validation carried out before routine production of products intended for sales عليه المنتاج لما علية معسوم المناع لما علية المنتاج المناج معسوما المناع المنا

Prospective validation should include:

كاشنطان العالى ويعالى

- (a) short description of the process:
- (b) summary of the critical processing steps to be investigated;
- (c) list of the equipment/facilities to be used (including measuring/monitoring/recording equipment) together with its calibration کیارک کلاری شق status:
- (d) finished product specifications for release;
- (e) list of analytical methods, as appropriate; HPLC/W
- (f) proposed in-process controls with acceptance criteria;
- (g) additional testing to be carried out, with acceptance criteria and analytical

Types of validation

- Concurrent validation: Validation carried out during routine production of products intended for sale.
- In exceptional circumstances it may be acceptable not to complete a validation program before routine production starts. استنی الوالمان الوالمال الوالمالمال الوالمالية الوالمال

 Documentation requirements for concurrent validation are the same as specified for prospective validation.

بدي اعظ هاي الخفوات خلال علمة النفسة

product which has been marketed based upon accumulated manufacturing, testing and control batch data.

Retrospective validation is only acceptable for wellestablished processes and will be inappropriate where there have been recent changes in the composition of the product, operating procedures or equipment.

> For retrospective validation, generally data from ten to thirty consecutive batches should be examined to assess process consistency, but fewer batches may be examined if justified. كأمصلح اله الحرقام

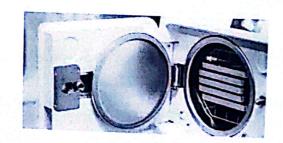
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Types of validation

mei validation 1 dans provide

Validation ا عادة • Revalidation: A repeat of the process validation to an assurance that changes process/equipment introduced in accordance with Change control procedures do not adversely affect process characteristics and product quality

عرم اتاً كد انه التعريلان الى انقلت ما اثرت او غرب



Costs/benefits of validation

 The cost of validation is considerable, with significant resources including personnel and materials being quelisied is 1921 possible required.

· Inadequate validation may however lead to rejection of, or withdrawal of, legal authorization to manufacture and

• In other circumstances it may lead to expensive product المعاملة المعامل

2. Fewer batch failures المساعدة على المساع

4. Speeding up of marketing authorization high quality of markting ?

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18

Cleaning validation

As most manufacturing equipment will not be used only in the production of a single product, there is the possibility that, without adequate cleaning procedures, crosscontamination between products may occur. لے ایک کدھلا 18/1 200 cap'w,

· Cleaning protocols must therefore be validated to ensure that they are suitable.

 Because equipment can never be 100 % clean, the aim of cleaning procedure is to minimize the possibility of cross-contamination between batches of

مع استعال الحجمية طلا في الحجمية الوصول. العمل المحال في المحمد المحلف حلله على المحمد المحلف حلله المحلف in the product taken by the patient is not greater than a 1000th of its lower daily therapeutic dose.

الرقع بعثمد على كل حل

cels (vare) of 2 is by paris

Cleaning validation

 Once a piece of equipment has been cleaned following a documented procedure, it is analyzed to detect the level of any product residue remaining. المدانه ما علما المدانه المدان

This may be achieved by:

dand end 11

Swabbing the equipment over a 100 cm² area at positions likely to be contaminated and analyzing the swab ISTER ENDS

> · Collecting and analyzing rinsings from the final cleaning water. الأكد بالحي اللي بالضعه فنها

> · Producing a placebo batch of the product in the cleaned container. active אוני מצוא mediant ו כייפיי

Visual and tactile inspection

19

عداتاً كد بالنظر بالمعانة

إيدا المها المها Validation of Analytical Procedures

(in active active) its intended purpose and the results obtained are reliable, accurate and reproducible.

procedure Provides confidence that the method will perform properly under intended conditions.

العد الحاطة الإمامية المحافظة العالمة العالم المحاطة العالم العا

Quantitative or limit tests for the control of impurities;

- Quantitative tests of the <u>active moiety</u> in samples of drug substance or drug product or other selected drug substance or drug product or other selected component(s) in the drug product.
 - Including assay, Content Uniformity, dissolution, content of presevertives.

Validation of Analytical Procedures

	Type of analytical procedure			
	the state of the s		mpurities	Assay
Characteristics		limit	quantitative	
Specificity	+	+	+	+
Accuracy			+	+
Precision			Company Company	
Repeatability			+	+
Intermediate precision			+	+
Linearity/Range			+	+
Limit of detection(LOD)		+	+	h
Limit of quantitation(LOQ)			+	21

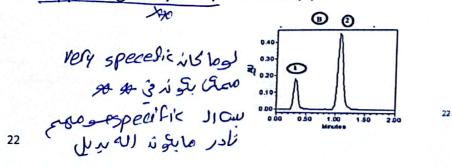
21

بد ي دخت مثلا عمل مصل المحال المحال

• Specificity is the ability to measure specifically the <u>analyte</u> in the presence of other components which may be expected to be present. المعرف ا

• Typically these might include impurities, ممكنيي فسي degradants, matrix, etc.

Lack of specificity of an individual analytical • كَامُهُ اللَّهِ عَمْرُ فِي اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَمْرُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ ال



لمعريْده لي يك صب بي بلايها م Specificity مسالح العالع ولا Blank solution - to show no interference Placebo - to demonstrate the lack of interference from excipients Spiked samples - to show that all known related عَمَة مَعْدِيَّ مِنَا المُوا الْهُوا الْهُوا الْهُوا De Pearle Mes Stressed sample of about 10 to 20% degradation is used യ പ്രപ്രി (سفن) ് to demonstrate the resolution between degradants and the analyte of interest احطه والشوىمل نفسه بدفه نسكوفه كتاط وفاجمت Check peak purity of drug substance by photodiode array • Representative chromatograms should be provided عادة بالمو له عرد الحد يوجهم

ا کلهم الی فیل

23

LOD / LOQ خدره د که در سکوی دروا (ورح کیه تر معتب مش شرط قیاس رقبی بسی کابی اللها موجوده • LOD: The limit of detection of an individual analytical procedure is the lowest amount of analyte in a sample which can be detected but not necessarily quantitated

as an exact value.

عار الد العلى: Ine limit of quantitation of an individual analytical procedure is the lowest amount of analyte in a sample which can be quantitatively determined with suitable precision and accuracy.

Parameter

Value

Lisinopril HCT

LOQ, µg/mL

LOQ, µg/mL

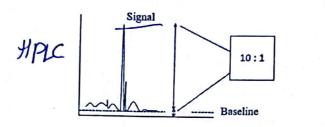
Value		
Lisinopril	HCT	
0.155	0.025	
0.039	0.012	
2.001	3.343	
0.050	0.073	
18.23	14.25	
4.03	7.98	
	Lisinopril 0.155 0.039 2.001 0.050	

LOD / LOQ

 standard deviation of the response and the slope of the calibration curve at levels approximating the LOD /LOQ

$$\sigma = \frac{DL = \frac{3.3\sigma}{S}}{S}$$
 on of the response $QL = \frac{10\sigma}{S}$

S = the slope of the calibration curve should be validated by analysis of samples at the limits.



25

LOD / LOQ

• LOD: below the reporting threshold منع عند نقطة محسنه • LOQ: at or below the specified limit عند المحلال المحلك ال

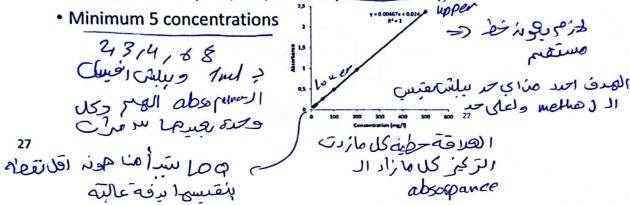
- · Applicant should provide
 - · the method of determination
 - · the limits.
 - chromotograms

resolution Aleeis per le

Linearity / Range

enges Calibratio covered . The linearity of an analytical procedure is its ability (within a given range) to obtain test results which are directly proportional to the concentration (amount) of analyte in the sample.

> The range of an analytical procedure is the interval between the upper and lower concentration (amounts) of analyte in the sample for which it has been demonstrated that the analytical procedure has a suitable level of precision, accuracy and linearity.



Linearity / Range العرقام للوفظ

Assay: 80-120% of the test concentration ويدى الشوف کیه الیات ربعظ که Content Uniformity: 70-130% of the test concentration

• Dissolution: $\pm 20\%$ of limits; eg if limits cover from 20% to 90% l.c. (controlled release), linearity should cover 0-

• Impurities: LOQ to 120% of shelf life limit Cat least 120% of the Proposed specification limit for impunities and degradation

 Assay/Purity by a single method: LOQ of the impurities products 1 to 120% of assay limit

Linearity / Range

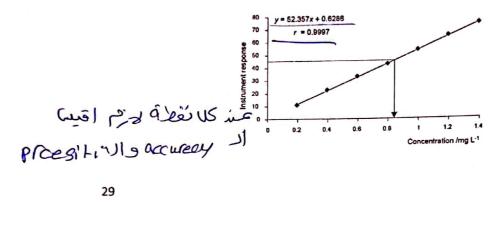
لامهادية دعنيه

Correlation coefficient (r)

عالية <u>(0.999 عالية</u> Assay: r ≥ 0.999

Impurities: $r \ge 0.99$

y-Intercept and slope should be indicated together with plot of the data



ماري الراسمانا Accuracy

- Expresses the closeness of test results obtained by that procedure to the true value= trueness
 - the value accepted as a conventional true value, or
 - · an accepted reference value and the value found
- · accuracy should be established across the specified range of the analytical procedure

Sample	Injected concentration (µg/mL)	Concentration found (µg/mL)	Accuracy (%)	Lery
	32.0	33.3	104.2	2200
	36.0	35.8	99.5	
Naproxen	40.0	39.7	99.4	
	44.0	44.3	100.7	
	48.0	47.9	99.7	
	16	15.7	98.1	
	18	18.1	100.3	
Rabeprazole sodium	20	20.1	100.6	
	22	21.8	99.1	
	24	23.9	99.4	

refer c - Curley Assay active

%RSD - (SD x 100

यायं रही है। विकार

active active API: against a Reference Standard of known purity, or via an alternate method of known accuracy; analysis in

The material is triplicate.

Formula

FPP(Finished Pharmaceutical Product): placebo/drug product spiked with known quantity of API, in triplicate at each level (80, 100 and 120% of label claim) is الم مواصمام کیک محسم recommended.

Report recovery (mean result and RSD): 98.0-102.0%

ICH Q2 states: accuracy may be inferred once precision, linearity and specificity have been established.

معدی (استفیقاریدل ال المحدود). (Demonstration preferred). محدود الحساری المحدود الحساری المحدود الحساری المحدود الحساری المحدود الحساری المحدود الحساری المحدود الحداد المحدود المحدو

31

Accuracy

المنا العالم specsial) المنا العالم Impurities:

API/FPP spiked with known amounts of impurities

Recommendations: ورفون عليه ورسوف كم Across the range of concentration /sh

Across the range of LOQ-150% of the target concentration (shelf life limit), 3-5 concentrations, in triplicate each. (LOQ, 50%, 100%, 150%)

Percent recovery: in general, within 80-120%, depends on the level of limit

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% Drug Solution	mg Obtained	% Recovery 100.30	
	50.150		
50%	49.255	99.10	
	50.150 49.255 49.956 100.136 99.256 99.957 150.375 148.242	99.71	
100%	100.136	99.94	
	99.256	99.26	
	99.957	99.76	
150%	150.375	100.05	
	148.242	99.16	
	148,764	99.18	

precision خربس نهجه

• Precision of an analytical procedure expresses the closeness of agreement (degree of scatter) between a series of test results obtained from multiple sampling of the same homogeneous sample under the prescribed conditions.

(degree of agreement among individual test results).

 It should be measured by the scatter of individual results from the mean and expressed as the relative standard deviation (RSD). Plecision II &

• May be considered at three levels

- Repeatability
- intermediate precision (ruggedness)
- reproducibility.

33

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precision

RSDI odo mean Il Curs of







کل العراءات فرسة علیها عفر فراء و سعاع کم در در در در در ا

High Accuracy High Precision Low Accuracy High Precision Low

Low Accuracy Low Precision

على ارام

moon 150

	Intra-day (n=3)			Inter-day (n=3)	
Injected concent ration (µg/mL)		Concentr ation found (µg/mL)	Precision (% RSD)	Concent ration found (µg/mL)	Precisio n (% RSD)
	10.0	10.4	1.3	10.3	1.3
Naproxen	20.0	19.7	1.9	20.2	0.4
	40.0	40.6	0.4	38.9	0.1
Rabeprazole sodium	5.1	5.3	1.5	4.9	0.6
	10.1	10.6	0.2	10.2	0.9
	20.2	19.9	1.2	20.0	0.7

precision

Repeatability (method precision)

- Multiple measurements of a sample by the same analyst
 A minimum of 6 determinations at the test concentration (6 times of a single batch), or
 - 3 levels (80%, 100%, 120%), 3 repetitions each

Recommendation:

- For Assay: RSD ≤ 2.0%
- For individual impurity above 0.05%, in general, RSD ≤ 10%

35

precision

• Intermediate precision

• Test a sample on multiple days, analysts, equipments

• RSD should be the same requirement as method precision

• Reproducibility (inter-laboratory trial)

• Not requested in the submission

• Need to be considered for method transfer

• Need to be considered for method transfer

precision مطلوب

	Repeatability Condition	Intermediate Precision Condition	Reproducibility Condition
Laboratory	Same	Same	Different
Operator	Same	Different	Different
Apparatus	Same	Same a	Different
Time between Tests	Short b	Multiple Days	Not Specified

a This situation can be different instruments meeting the same design requirement.

37

37

قياس مدى دقعة المربعة في عيا ب روعت Robustness المضروف

- The method's capability to remain unaffected by small but deliberate variations in method parameters (for HPLC)
 - · Influence of variations of pH in a mobile phase
 - Influence of variations in mobile phase composition
 - Different columns (different lots and/or suppliers)

Temperature

HPLL (Resolution, Plention Hime

Flow rate

• Establish the System suitability parameters (Resolution)

• If robustness indicates a limitation, this must be clearly stated in the method

Fy-blish the system subtability H parameters

b Standard test method dependent, typically does not exceed one day